

Welcome - Please turn off or silence all cell phones during the Study Session.

Meetings are televised everyday on Channel 2 at 7 p.m. and midnight

Study Session:

1.	Shelter of Hope Presentation	(pg. 2)
2.	Westar Energy Substation Presentation	(pg. 3)
3.	Thornton Street Project Funding	(pg. 13)
4.	Storm Water Fee Review	(pg. 19)

Policy Report Shelter of Hope April 17, 2018

Prepared by:

Paul Kramer

City Manager

Issue:

Sister Vickie Perkins will give a presentation on the operations of the Shelter of Hope.

Policy Report Westar Energy Substation Presentation April 17, 2018

Prepared by:

Paul Kramer

City Manager

Issue:

Representatives from Westar will present information related to a new substation to be located along 20th Street. Westar has met with staff numerous times and would like to publically share plans for the project.



Proposed Richardson Substation

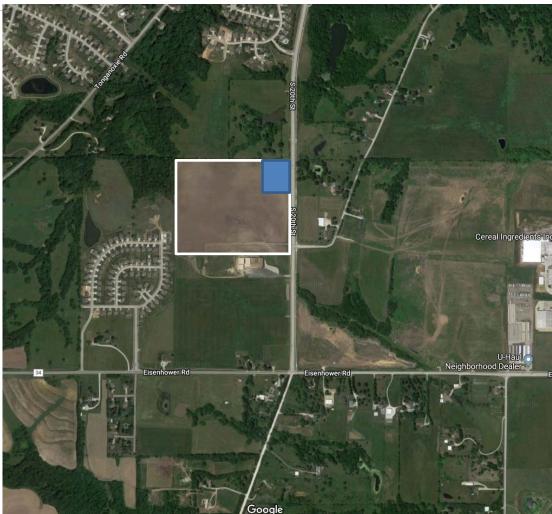
Project Overview & Benefits

- Current & Future Growth
- Aging & Over-loaded Electric Infrastructure
- \$7 million investment in the Leavenworth community
- Improved Reliability

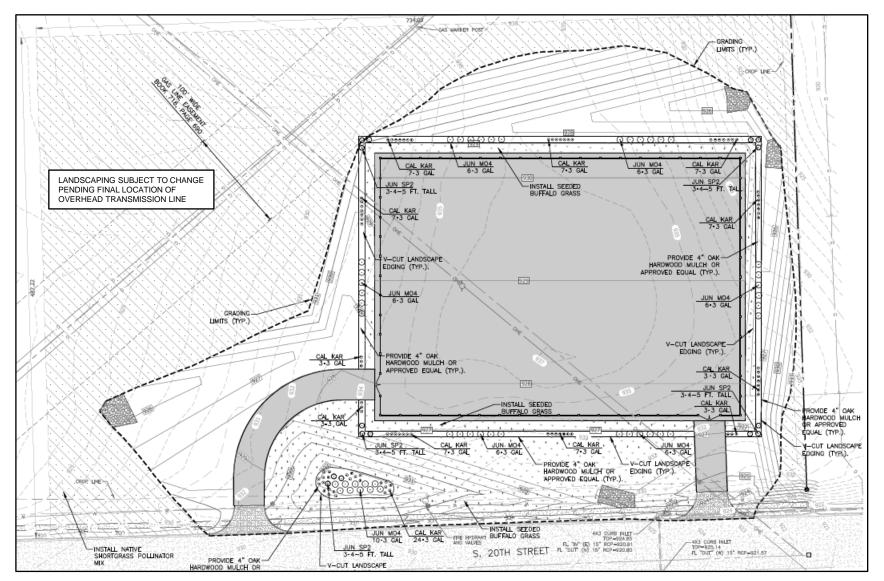


Location Selection

- Proximity to existing power lines
- Availability of land
- Size of tract
- Community's Future
 growth









View from Back Side





RICHARDSON SUBSTATION 8

View 20th St





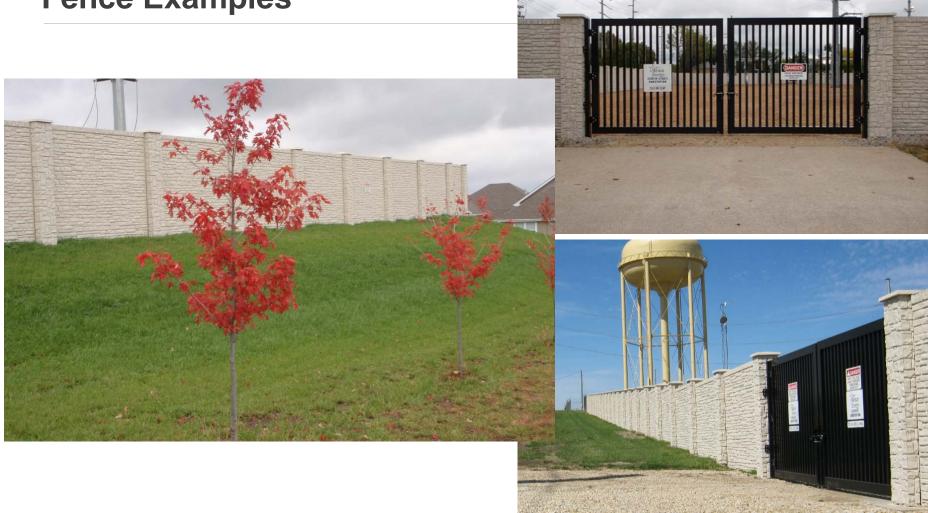
RICHARDSON SUBSTATION 9

Aerial View





Fence Examples







POLICY REPORT Thornton Street Project Funding April 17, 2018

Prepared By:

Sel Taylow Tedder

Assistant City Manager

Reviewed By Paul Kramer

City Manager

BACKGROUND:

The City Commission deemed reconstruction of Thornton Street a priority project earlier in 2018. Funding options mentioned below do not affect annual FFE funds, or the \$1.3 million in annual G. O. Bonds (General Obligation Bonds) dedicated to road maintenance.

A large number of funding options and best practices were evaluated in consideration for funding the Thornton Street project. Several options were deemed as non-viable options. Those *non-viable* options include:

- 1. Special Assessments (over-burdens a small amount of residential property owners, unlikely to generate necessary revenue);
- 2. TIF (no commercial development in the surrounding area, estimated revenue generation for a tax increment financing district would not create necessary revenue stream); and
- 3. Local option income tax (the project could be paid with a 1/8% or less local option income tax, however would not be politically or economically feasible).

Viable funding options identified include:

- 1. Millage increase via property taxes
 - In 2018, 1 mill generates approximately \$207,227.
 - A 3.1 average mill increase would fully fund the \$5.5 million Thornton reconstruction project for ten years.
 - A 3.1 average mill increase would mean the following increase in tax for the following homeowners: \$100,000 home \$28.78 increase per year \$150,000 home \$43.19 increase per year \$200,000 home \$57.58 increase per year

2. Full payment with existing CIP and/or Countywide sales tax dollars

- In 2019, \$754,536 is unallocated to fund the bond payments.
- Note: this would push other priorities off for the 10-15 year term of the bonds leaving only \$101,331 available to fund the bridge program, computer replacement, traffic signals, any equipment replacement for Parks, Public Works, ballfield renovation, etc.
- Funding also becomes available as other commitments drop off including:
 - 2nd Street Bridge is paid off in 2020
 - Network upgrades programmed will end in 2020
 - Animal Control is paid off in 2025
 - Downtown hotel bond payment expected to be TIF supported in 2020
- City administration has significant concerns with this option due to the impact of ability for departments to replace equipment and other items typically funded in the CIP.

3a. Combination of sources with an element of millage increase via property taxes

- Combine several sources to create a funding stream for the project
- Increase millage rate an average of 2.28 mills
- Utilize CIP/Countywide Sales tax allocations for partial funding components of the project (with the understanding this would push off already identified projects for stormwater funds and other funds slated for projects).
- Amount proposed: \$200,000 from mixed sources; Amount you would need from millage increase: \$473,205 for bond payments.

3b. Combination of sources with no element of a tax increase

- Combine several sources to create a funding stream for the project.
- Utilize CIP/Countywide Sales tax allocations for partial funding components of the project (with the understanding this would push off already identified projects for stormwater funds and other funds slated for projects).
- Amount proposed: \$653,205 average annual bond payment; leaving only \$151,571 available for any other projects during the ten year period.
- City administration has significant concerns with this option due to the impact of ability for departments to replace equipment and other items typically funded in the CIP.

4. Thornton and Muncie projects in one millage increase

- To reduce bonding costs, increase the mill levy by a little over 5 mills and fund an \$11.6 million bond issuance to complete both the Thornton Street reconstruction and the Muncie Road extension in the same year.
- An approximate 5 mill increase would mean the following increase in tax for the following homeowners: \$100,000 home \$57.50 increase per year
 \$150,000 home \$86.25 increase per year
 \$200,000 home \$115.00 increase per year

ATTACHMENTS:

- 1. Estimate of scenario 1
- 2. Estimate of scenario 2
- 3. Estimate of scenario 3A
- 4. Estimate of scenario 3B

1

Mills Only

10 Year @ \$5,540,000

Annual Impact of the mills on:

		Impact on Mill				
	Annual Pymt	Increase of:	\$100,000	\$150,000	\$200,000	Appraised Value
			\$11,500	\$17,250	\$23,000	Assessed Value
2019	\$ 518,807	2.50	\$28.79	\$43.19	\$57.58	
2020	\$ 666,753	3.22	\$37.00	\$55.50	\$74.00	
2021	\$ 666,153	3.21	\$36.97	\$55.45	\$73.94	
2022	\$ 670,103	3.23	\$37.19	\$55.78	\$74.37	
2023	\$ 668,453	3.23	\$37.10	\$55.64	\$74.19	
2024	\$ 670,058	3.23	\$37.18	\$55.78	\$74.37	
2025	\$ 665,433	3.21	\$36.93	\$55.39	\$73.86	
2026	\$ 669,665	3.23	\$37.16	\$55.74	\$74.33	
2027	\$ 667,445	3.22	\$37.04	\$55.56	\$74.08	
2028	\$ 669,175	3.23	\$37.14	\$55.70	\$74.27	
	\$ 6,532,045					

2

CIP Sales Tax only

\$ 6,532,045

An	nual Pymt	CIP Sales Tax (2017 actuals)	\$ 2,082,692
		Current Obligations	\$ 1,328,156
2019 \$	518,807		\$ 754,536
2020 \$	666,753		
2021 \$	666,153	Average annual pymt	\$ 653,205
2022 \$	670,103		
2023 \$	668,453	Available for projects	\$ 101,331
2024 \$	670,058		
2025 \$	665,433		
2026 \$	669,665		
2027 \$	667,445		
2028 \$	669,175		

3.A.

Combination

10 Year @ \$5,540,000

			_						Impact on Mill
	Sto	rmwater		County Wide Sales Tax	D	ebt payment -Prop Taxes		Annual Pymt	Increase of:
2019	\$	575	\$	20	\$	518,807	\$	518,807	2.50
2020	\$	25,000	\$	175,000	\$	466,753	\$	666,753	2.25
2021	\$	25,000	\$	175,000	\$	466,153	\$	666,153	2.25
2022	\$	25,000	\$	175,000	\$	470,103	\$	670,103	2.27
2023	\$	25,000	\$	175,000	\$	468,453	\$	668,453	2.26
2024	\$	25,000	\$	175,000	\$	470,058	\$	670,058	2.27
2025	\$	25,000	\$	175,000	\$	465,433	\$	665,433	2.25
2026	\$	25,000	\$	175,000	\$	469,665	\$	669,665	2.27
2027	\$	25,000	\$	175,000	\$	467,445	\$	667,445	2.26
2028	\$	25,000	\$	175,000	\$	469,175	\$	669,175	2.26
							\$	6,532,045	
							_		

Annual Impact of the mills on:

	\$100,000	\$150,000	\$200,000	Appraised Value
	\$11,500	\$17,250	\$23,000	Assessed Value
15				
2019	\$28.79	\$43.19	\$57.58	
2020	\$25.90	\$38.85	\$51.80	
2021	\$25.87	\$38.80	\$51.74	
2022	\$26.09	\$39.13	\$52.18	
2023	\$26.00	\$38.99	\$51.99	
2024	\$26.09	\$39.13	\$52.17	
2025	\$25.83	\$38.74	\$51.66	
2026	\$26.06	\$39.10	\$52.13	
2027	\$25.94	\$38,91	\$51.88	
2028	\$26.04	\$39.06	\$52.07	

3.B.

County Wide Sales Tax only

 2019
 \$

 2021
 \$

 2022
 \$

 2023
 \$

 2024
 \$

 2025
 \$

 2026
 \$

 2027
 \$

 2028
 \$

-	Annual Pymt	County Wide Sales Tax (2017 actuals)	\$
		County Wide Use Tax (2017 Actuals)	\$ \$
Э	\$ 518,807	By Ordinance:	Ŧ
0	\$ 666,753	15% Goes to Debt Reduction	\$
1	\$ 666,153	15% Goes to Economic Development	\$
2	\$ 670,103	15% Goes to Sidewalk Program	\$
3	\$ 668,453	15% Goes to Stormwater Program	\$
4	\$ 670,058		\$
5	\$ 665,433		
6	\$ 669,665	Current Obligations	\$
7	\$ 667,445		
8	\$ 669,175		\$
	\$ 6,532,045		

Average annual pymt	\$ 653,205
Available for projects	\$ 151,571

Policy Report Storm water fee review April 17, 2018

Prepared by: Paul Kramer **City Manager**

Subject:

At the April 3, 2018 City Commission Study Session, the Commission discussed the main elements – Funding Structure, Collection Methods, and Management Plan – of a Storm Water Program Fee. The Commission reached consensus on all items except the fee collection amount on the "Residential" classification. The Commission asked staff to present possible program expenditures for three residential funding levels: \$72/annually, \$84/annually, and \$96/annually. The enclosed represents a draft of a possible program at the levels reflected above.

The highlighted areas represent either an enhancement or new program from the previous funding option. A summary of the changes include:

Enhancements from \$72/annually to \$84/annually

- Orange Fence Big Projects increase of \$100,000 per year, starting in 2021
- Inlet Project Program start the program two years earlier (2020 vs 2022)
- Lining Project Program start the program one year earlier (2021 vs 2022)

Enhancements from \$84/annually to \$96/annually

- Capacity to Bond \$2,500,000 starting in 2019, allowing:
 - \$750,000 supplement for the Broadway System
 - \$1,050,000 for the Ninth Street System
 - \$550,000 influx for the Stone Arch Replacement Program
 - Inlet Project Program start the program two years earlier (2019 vs 2020)
 - Lining Project Program start the program one year earlier (2020 vs 2021)

All examples above are potential changes to the program, all of which are subject to further study, changes in priority and other considerations.

PRK/

	Pł	ROPOSED										PR	OPOSED)									ROPOSEL							
	Cit	y of Leavem	vortl	h Stormwat	ter F	ee						City	of Leavenv	vort	h Stormwater	r Fee									h Stormwater					
	Re	sidential -	\$72	2.00 per ye	ear	(\$6/month	n)					Re	sidential -	\$8	4.00 per yea	ar (\$7	/month)	<u>1</u>				Re	esidential -	- \$96	5.00 per yea	r (\$8/	month)			
		2019	~	2020	_	2021		2022		2023			2019		2020		2021	202	2	2023			2019		2020	_	2021	2022	_	2023
Fees	\$	1,280,928	\$	1,280,928	\$	1,280,928	\$	1,280,928	\$ 1,	,280,928	Fees	S	1,397,616	5	1,397,616 \$	1,3	97,616 \$	1,397,61	5\$	1,397,616	Fees	\$	1,514,304		1,514,304 \$	1,51	4,304 \$	1,514,304	\$	1,514,304
Bond											Bond	_						_			Bond			-	2,500,000				_	
Revenue	\$	1,280,928	\$	1,280,928	\$	1,280,928	\$	1,280,928	\$ 1,	280,928	Revenue	\$	1,397,616	\$	1,397,616 \$	1,3	97,616 \$	1,397,61	5\$	1,397,616	Revenue	\$	1,514,304	\$	4,014,304 \$	1,51	4,304 \$	1,514,304	\$	1,514,304
Debt											Debt										Debt				\$		0,000 \$	300,000	\$	300,000
Projecty Manager	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	\$	80,000	Project Manager	\$	80,000	\$	80,000 \$		80,000 \$	80,00) \$	80,000	Manager	\$	80,000	\$	80,000 \$		0,000 \$	80,000	\$	80,000
GIS Technician	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	\$	40,000	GIS Technician	\$	40,000	\$	40,000 \$		40,000 \$	40,00	5	40,000	GIS	\$	40,000	\$	40,000 \$	4	0,000 \$	40,000	\$	40,000
Orange Fence -Small	\$	100,000	ŝ	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	\$	100,000	Orange Fence -Small	\$	100,000	\$	100,000 \$	1	00,000 \$	100,00	0 \$	100,000	Orange Fence -Small	\$	100,000	\$	100,000 \$	10	0,000 \$	100,000		100,000
Orange fence - Big					\$	150,000	5	150,000	5	150,000	Orange fence - big				\$	2	50,000 \$	250,00	0 5	250,000	Orange fence - big				\$		0,000 \$	250,000		250,000
Creek Clean-up	\$	50,000	\$	50,000	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	\$	25,000	Creek Clean-up	\$	50,000	\$	50,000 \$		25,000 \$	25,00	0 \$	25,000	Creek Clean-up	\$	50,000	\$	50,000 \$	2	5,000 \$	25,000	100	25,000
System - Broadway			\$	500,000	\$	500,000	\$	400,000			System - Broadway			\$	500,000 \$	5	00,000 \$	400,00	0 \$	100,000	System - Broadway System - 9th St			\$	1,250,000		\$	250,000	\$	100,000
System - 9th St									- TO -		System - 9th St			¢	300.000 \$		00,000 \$	300,00	o ć	300,000				ę	300,000 \$	ас	0,000 \$	300,000	¢	300,000
System - 2nd St Arch			Ş	300,000	Ş	300,000	Ş	300,000	\$	100,000 75,000	System - 2nd St Arch Inlet Project			ç	100,000 \$		00,000 \$	100,00		100,000	1 '	c	100,000	é	100.000 \$		0,000 \$	100,000		100,000
Inlet Project			\$	75,000	Ş	75,000	Ş	75,000 100,000	2		Lining project			Ş	100,000 5		.00,000 \$	100,00		2.000	Lining project	080	100,000	é	100,000 \$		0,000 \$	100,000		100,000
Lining project							Ş	100,000			Stone Arch program						50.000 \$	50.00		21.00 4201151	Stone Arch Program			ŝ	550,000 \$		0,000 \$	50,000	\$	\$0,000
Stone Arch program Design (See Note 1)	180	275.000	ć	175,000			é	50,000			Design (See Note 1)	¢	275,000	¢	175,000		50,000 \$	50,00		and the second second	Design (See Note 2)	Ś	275,000	Ś	275,000		5		\$	75,000
Inspection	,	273,000	Ş	1/3,000	ć	50,000	ć	25,000	5	50.000	Inspection	Ŷ	2, 3,000	Ŧ	\$		50,000 \$	25,00		50,000		*		\$	150,000 \$	5	6,000 \$	50,000	\$	50,000
Contingency (15%)	\$	128,093	Ś	128.093	ŝ	128,093	ś	128,093	s		Contingency (15%)	Ś	139,762	Ś	139,762 \$		39,762 \$	139,76			Contingency (15%)	\$	151,430	\$	151,430 \$	15	1,430 \$	151,430	\$	151,430
Expenses	Ś	673,093	5	1,448,093	\$	1,448,093	\$	1,473,093	\$ 1	323,093	Expenses	Ś	684,762	Ś	1.484.762 \$	1.7	34,762 \$	1,659,76	2 5	1,409,762	Expenses	\$	796,430	\$	4,196,430 \$	1,54	6,430 \$	1,796,430	Ş	1,721,430
Balance		\$607,835	-	\$440,670		\$273,506	-	\$81,341		\$39,176	and the second		\$712,854	0	\$625,709	\$2	88,563	\$26,41	8	\$14.272	Balance		\$717,874		\$535,747	\$50	3,621	\$221,494	1	\$14,368

General Approach	Other Notes - descriptions
t is the intent of the program to focus initially on long standing "orange fence" problems	
throughout the community while addressing larger water quantity and water quality efforts.	Broadway Project is generally considered repair/replace stormwater infrastructure North of 3-Mile
arger projects occur after the first few years, and additonal funds from bonds move them forward	Creek between Broadway and 7th Street
ubstantially increasing expenditures in Year 2 and Year 3	
	9th Street Project is generally considered repair/replace stormwater infrastructure North of 3-Mile
Design - Note 1	Creek along 9th Street alignment
Yr. 1 - System Condition Assessment, Inlet Project, Broadway Yrs. 1 & 2, 2nd St. Yrs. 1 & 2	
Yr. 2 - Inlet Project, Broadway Yrs. 3 & 4, 2nd St. Yrs. 3, & 4, 9th St. Yr. 3	2nd Street Arch Project is generally considered repair/replace stormwater infrastructure
Yr. 4 - Inlet Project, Lining Project, 9th St. Yr. 5	beginning east of 2nd Street near the Justice Center and proceeding west to approximately 6th
	Avenue and Spruce.
Design - Note 2	
Yr. 2 - additional design costs in anticipation of Bond Funds	All other projects are city-wide and can be selected based on input from Citizens, staff knowledge,
	recommendations/guidelines from assessment, etc. Work can proceed geographically or follow
Inspection - Note 3	prioritization guidelines.
Yr. 2 - additional contract inspection for Bond Fund Projects	
	There is considerable overlap between project types